CRIME AND JUSTICE INSTITUTE

Impact of COVID-19 on Nevada's Prison Population: Project Update

Nevada Sentencing Commission September 3, 2021



Agenda

- Project Overview
- Preliminary Data Findings From:
 - Administrative Office of the Courts
 - Specialty Courts
 - Nevada Department of Corrections
- Questions



About CJI

- The Crime and Justice Institute (CJI) works with local, state, and national criminal justice organizations to assist them in developing data- and public safetydriven solutions to tough criminal justice policy problems
- CJI provides non-partisan policy analysis, research, technical assistance, program evaluation, and training to jurisdictions throughout the country



CJI's Other Work in Nevada

- Support Staff for the ACAJ (2018-2019):
 - Assisted Nevada's Advisory Commission on the Administration of Justice (ACAJ) as it developed policy recommendations that led to Assembly Bill 236, which went into effect in mid-2020

- Implementation Support for AB 236 (2019-present):
 - Staffs an implementation team that works closely with instate agencies to support changes required by AB 236



CRIME AND JUSTICE INSTITUTE

Project Overview



Leadership Charge

State leadership has asked CJI to:

"[E]valuate the general impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on Nevada's criminal justice system, and the specific impact of the pandemic on Nevada's prison population."

Letter signed by:

- Governor Sisolak
- Chief Justice Hardesty
- Majority Leader
 Cannizzaro
- Speaker Frierson



Project Goals

- 1. To better understand the impact of COVID-19 on the state's prison population through data analysis and system assessment
- 2. To identify opportunities for post-pandemic policies and practices
- 3. To revise prison population projections where necessary



Project Phases





Presentation Scope

 This presentation includes preliminary analyses of trends in court and corrections data from timeframes before COVID-19 and 10 months of data during the pandemic





Data Sources

- Summary-level data from:
 - Nevada Department of Corrections (NDOC)
 - All admissions to NDOC custody for calendar year 2019 through 2020*
 - Administrative Office of the Courts (AOC)
 - All filings and dispositions for July 2017 through 2020
 - Specialty Courts
 - All admissions and outcomes for calendar year 2017 through 2020*

Data Notes

- Unless stated otherwise, all data were analyzed by CJI in consultation with NV agencies
 - Data presented here may not match agency reports due to different methodologies for analysis
- Analyses assess "before COVID-19" periods with a "during COVID-19" period

Data Source	"Before COVID-19" Period	"During COVID-19" Period
NDOC Data	January 2019 – February 2020 (14 months)	March – December 2020 (10 months)
AOC & Specialty Court Data	July 2017 – February 2020 (32 months)	



Nevada Administrative Office of the Courts (AOC): Caseload Patterns Before & During COVID-19

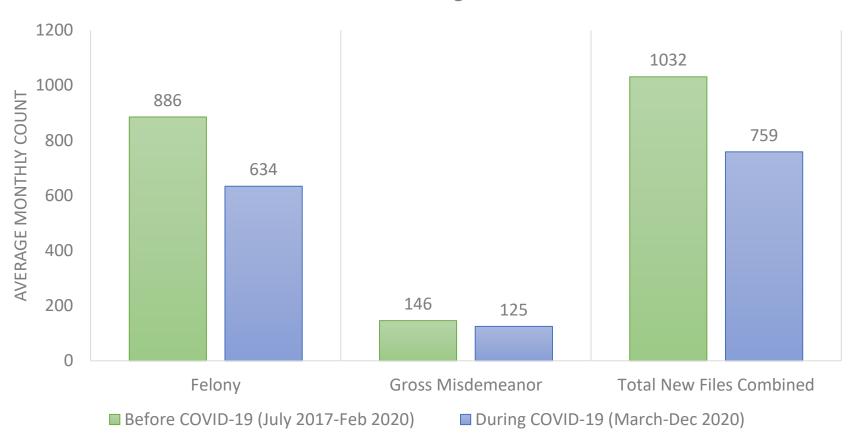


District Court New Filing Trends Before & During COVID-19



Felony Filings Down 28%

District Courts' **Average Monthly New Filings**Before & During COVID-19

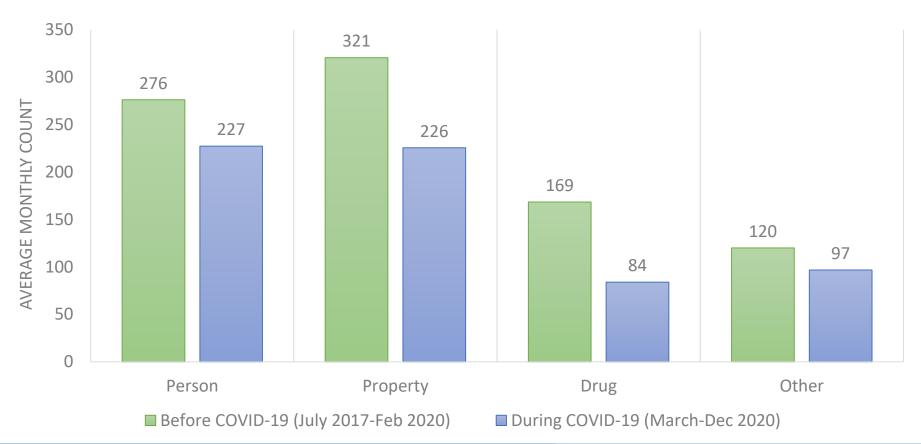




Rates of Decline for New Filings Vary by Crime Types

District Courts' Average Monthly New Filing by Felony Crime Type

Before & During COVID-19



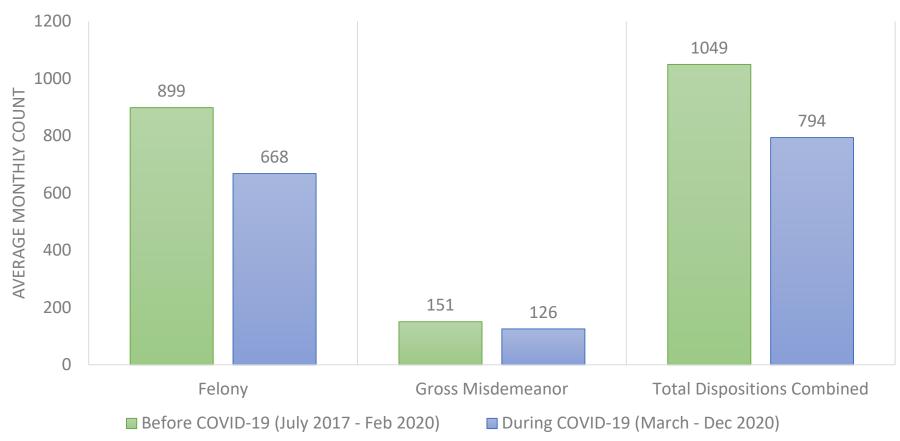


District Court Disposition Trends Before & During COVID-19



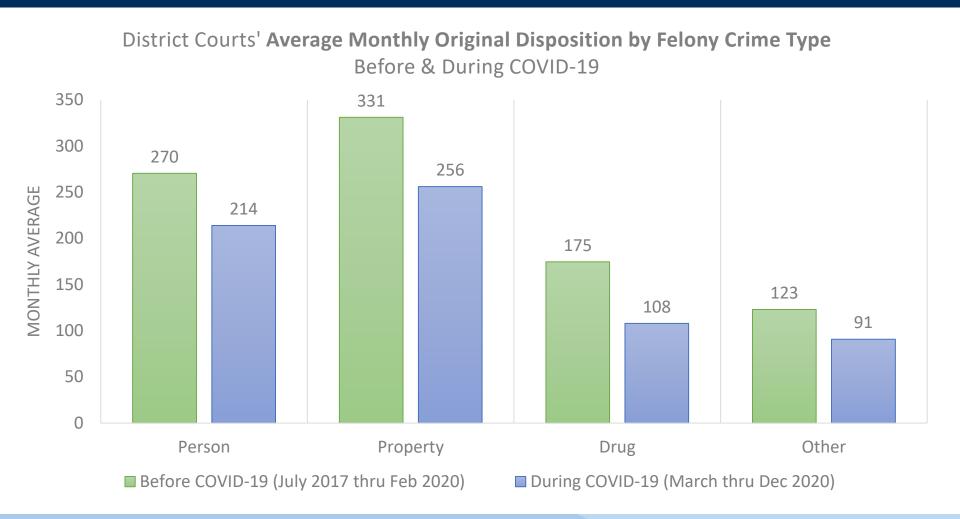
Felony Dispositions Decline Over 25%

District Courts' **Average Monthly Caseload - Original Dispositions**Before & During COVID-19





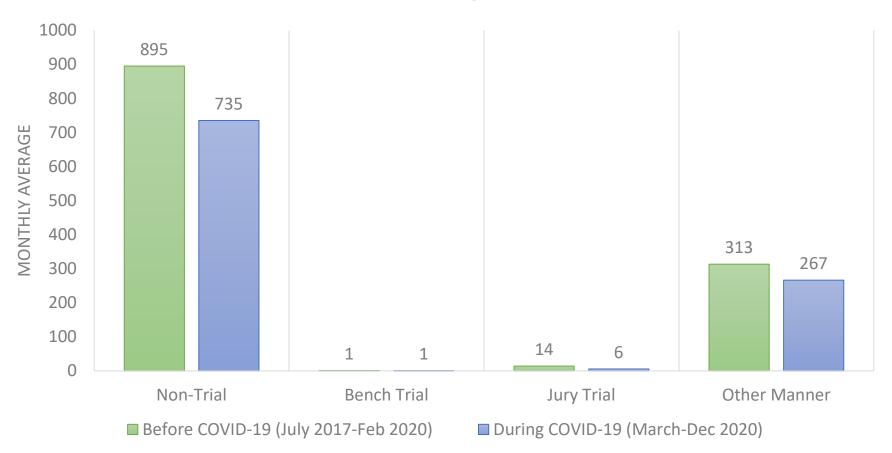
Dispositions Decline Across All Crime Types





Reductions in Most Disposition Types

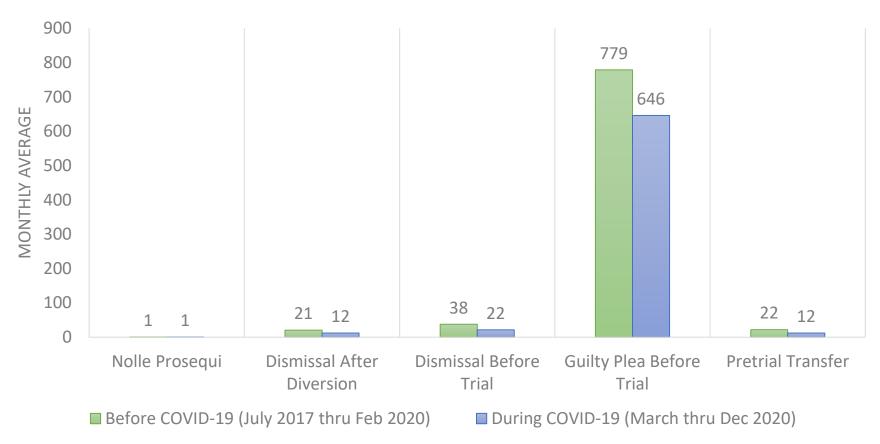
District Courts' Dispositions - **Average Monthly Felony Disposition Types**Before & During COVID-19





Non-trial Guilty Pleas Decline by 17%

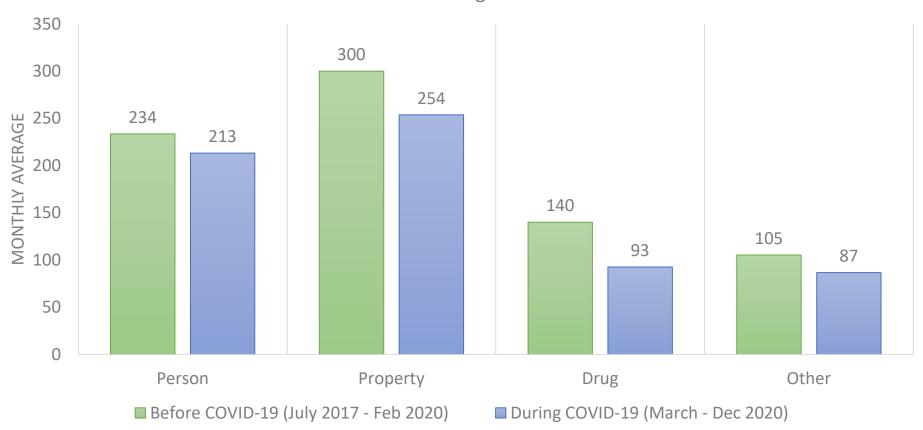
District Courts' Dispositions - Average Monthly **Felony Non-Trial Disposition Types** Before & During COVID-19





Rates of Decline for Non-Trial Guilty Pleas Vary Across Offense Types

District Courts' **Average Monthly Guilty Plea Before Trial by Felony Offense**Before & During COVID-19

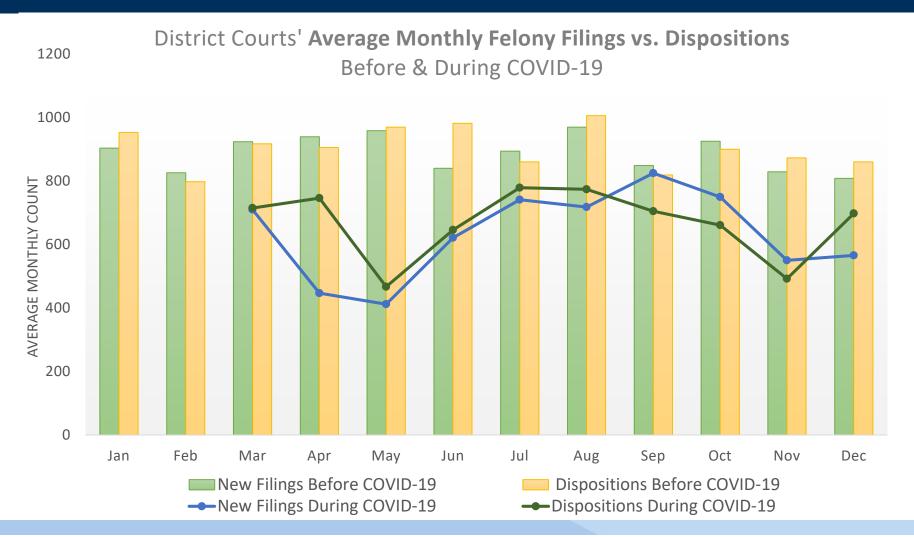




District Court New Filings vs. Dispositions Before & During COVID-19



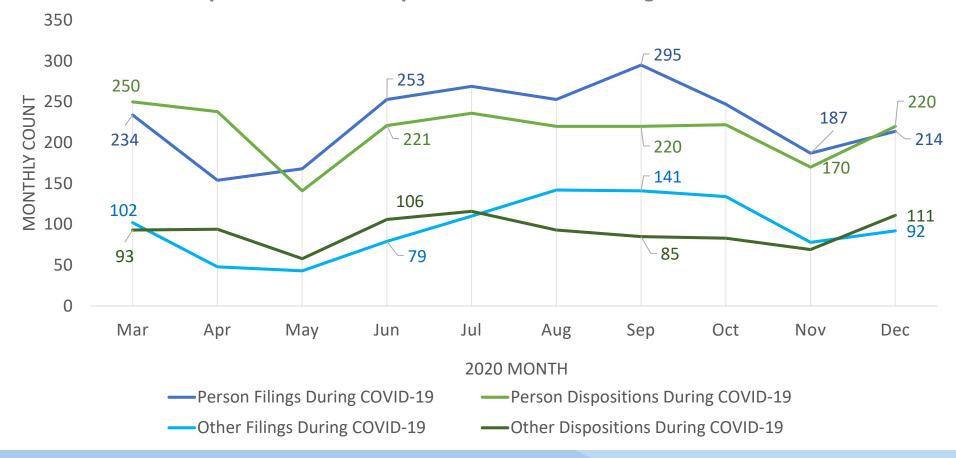
Dispositions Slightly Outpace Filings





More New Filings than Dispositions for Felony Person and Other Cases

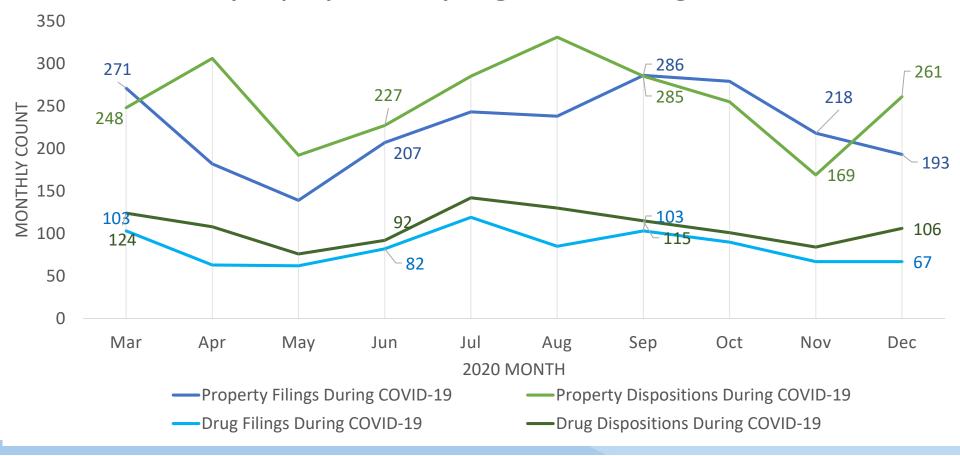
District Courts' **Monthly Filings vs. Dispositions Felony Person and Felony Other Caseloads** During COVID-19





Fewer New Filings than Dispositions for Felony Property and Drug Cases

District Courts' Monthly Filings vs. Dispositions
Felony Property and Felony Drug Caseloads During COVID-19

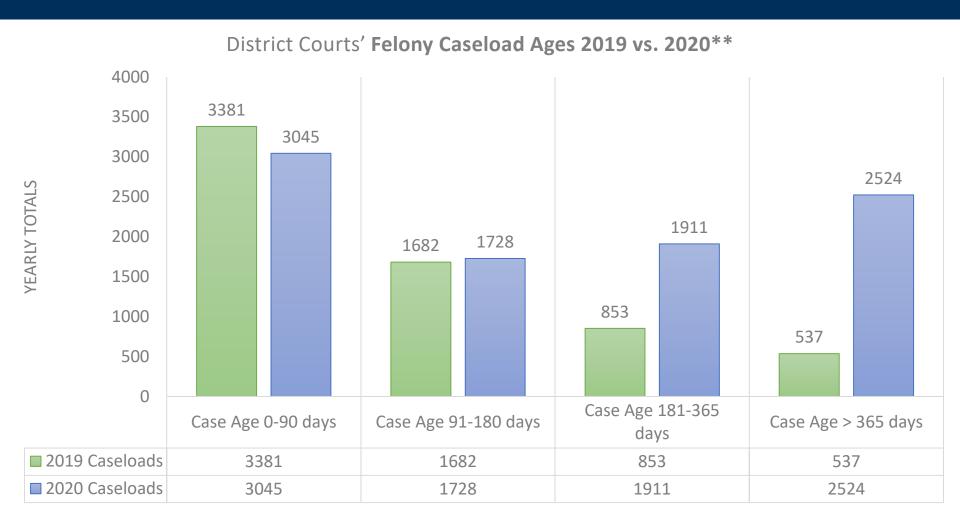




District Court Caseload Age Trends Before & During COVID-19

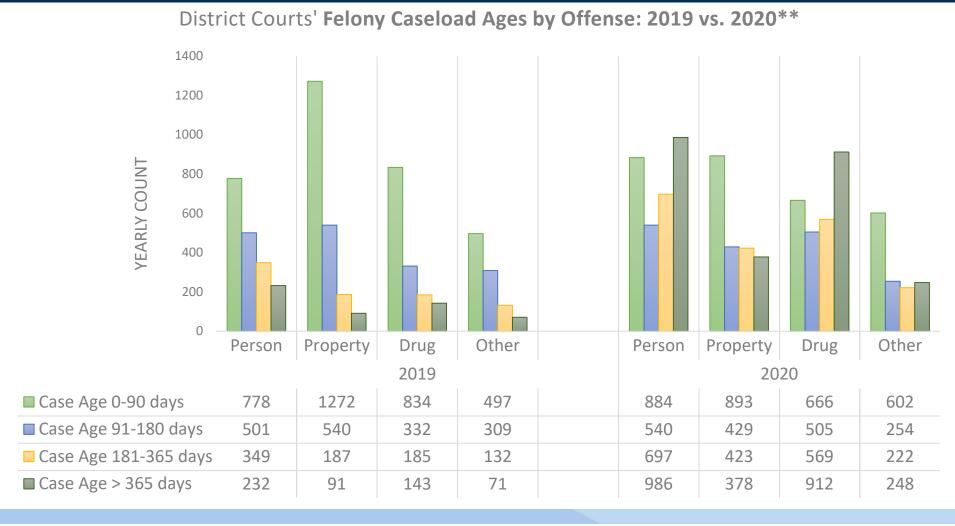


Steep Increases in Case Ages in 2020





Increased Case Ages for All Offense Types





District Court Preliminary Data Findings Summary



Summary: District Court Filings, Dispositions, and Case Ages

- Declines in both Filings (-28%) and Dispositions (-25%)
 - Varied declines by offense types for both filings & dispositions
- Overall, dispositions exceeded new case filings
 - More dispositions than filings for property & drug cases
 - More filings than dispositions for person & "other" cases
- Case ages increased between 2019 and 2020
 - More cases over one year in age for all offense types in 2020

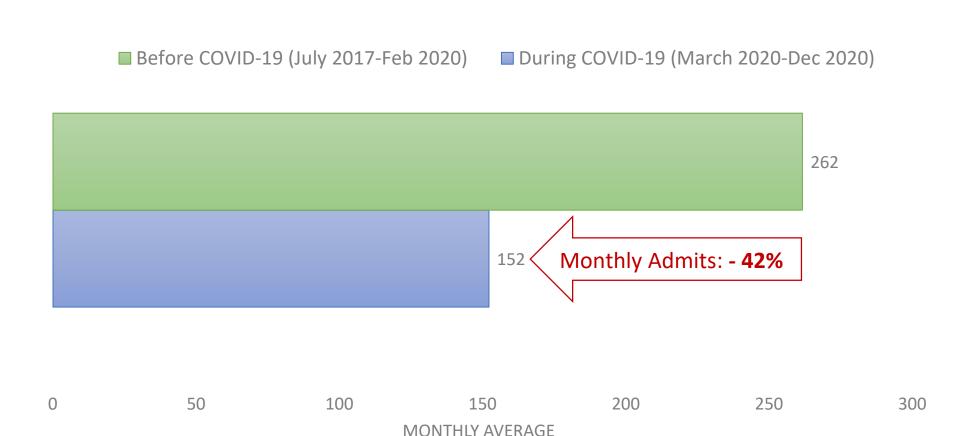


Nevada Specialty Courts: Admissions Trends Before & During COVID-19



Admissions Decline by 42%

Average Monthly Admissions Before & During COVID-19



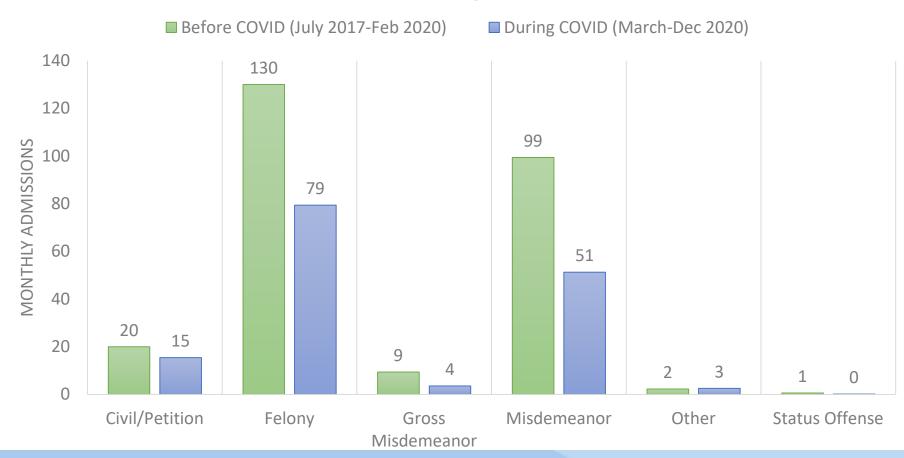


Data Source: Nevada Specialty Courts

Felony Admissions Drop 39%



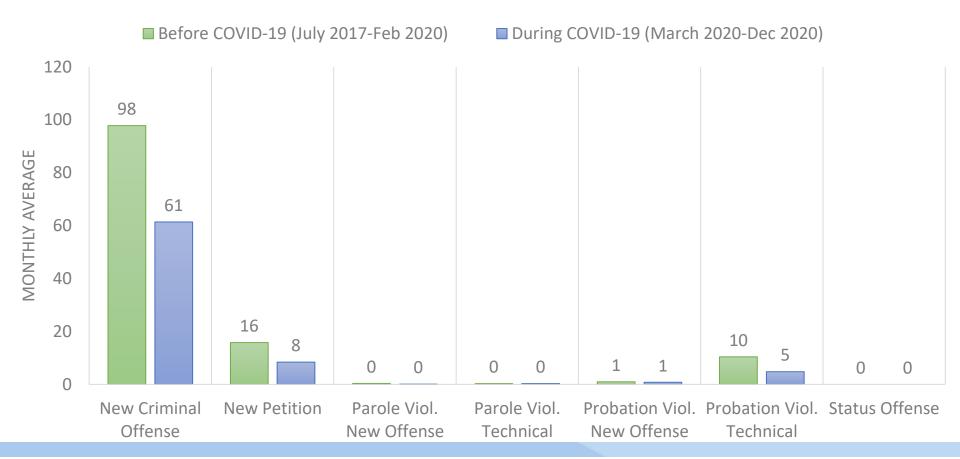
Before & During COVID-19





Most Common Felony Admission Type Remains New Criminal Offense

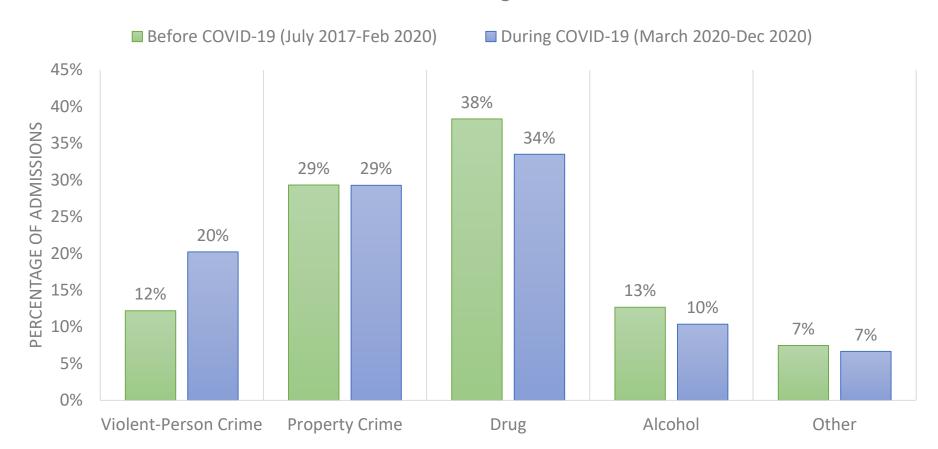
Average Monthly Felony Admissions by Admit Type
Before & During COVID-19





Changes in Share of Admissions by Offense Type During COVID-19

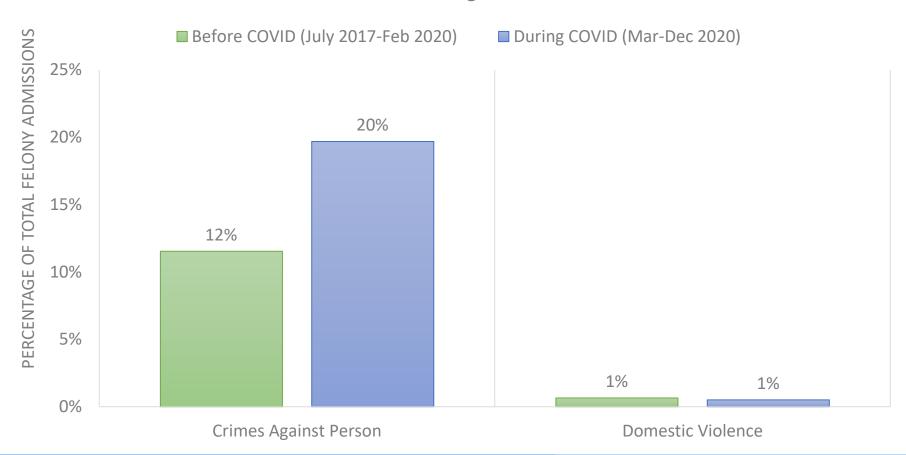
Percentage of Total Felony Admissions by Offense Type
Before & During COVID-19





Person Offense Increase Unrelated to Domestic Violence

Percentage of Felony Admissions for Person-based Offenses
Before & During COVID-19

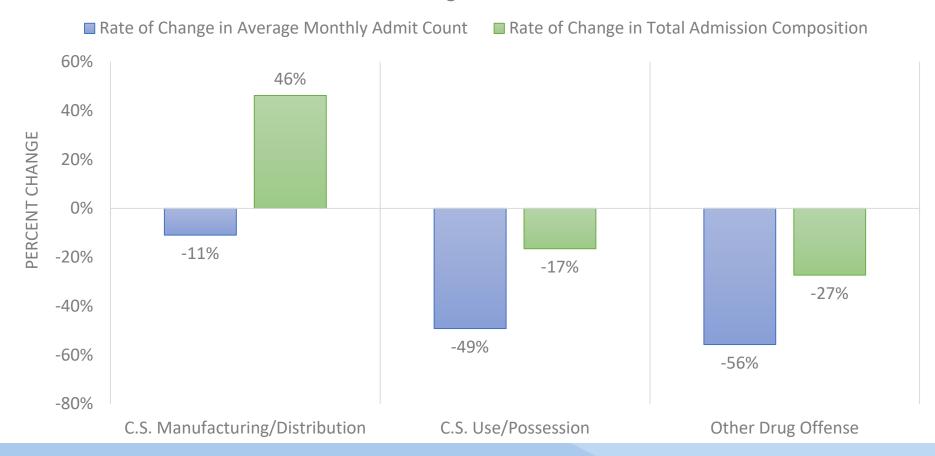




Share of Admissions for Drug Possession Drop by Nearly 17%

Monthly & Total Percent Change in Felony Admissions for Drug Offenses

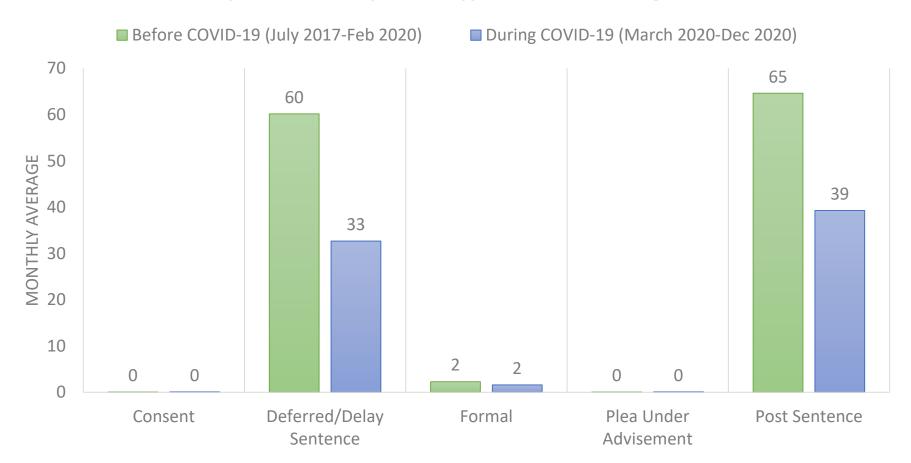
During COVID-19





Admissions for Deferred Sentences Drop by Nearly Half

Felony Admissions by Admit Types Before & During COVID-19





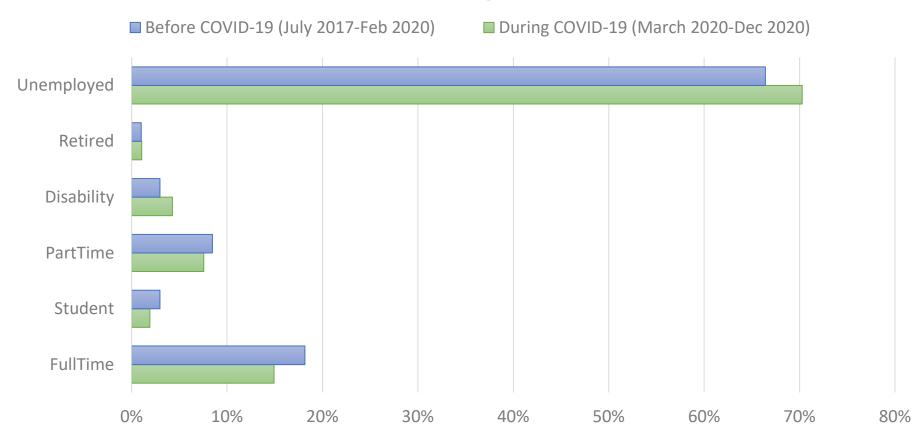
Specialty Court Demographic Trends Before & During COVID-19



Increasing Portion of Admissions Unemployed

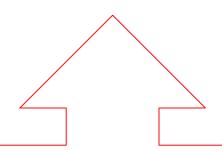
Percent of Admissions by Employment Status

Before & During COVID-19



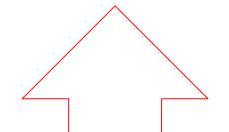


Increased Admissions with Behavioral Health Needs



Prior Substance Abuse Treatment

Over 20% increase in portion of monthly admissions comprised of people with Prior Substance Abuse Treatment



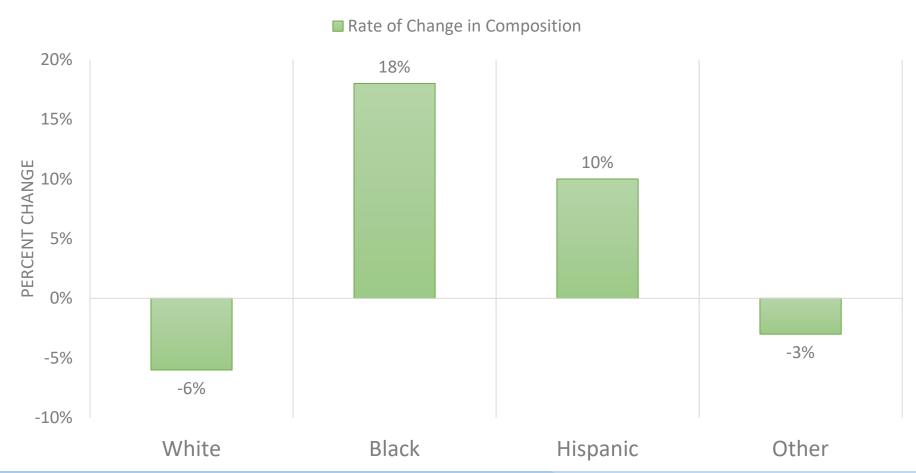
Prior Mental Health History

Over 20% increase in portion of monthly admissions comprised of people with Mental Health Histories



Increase in Share of Admissions for Those whose Race-Ethnicity is Black or Hispanic

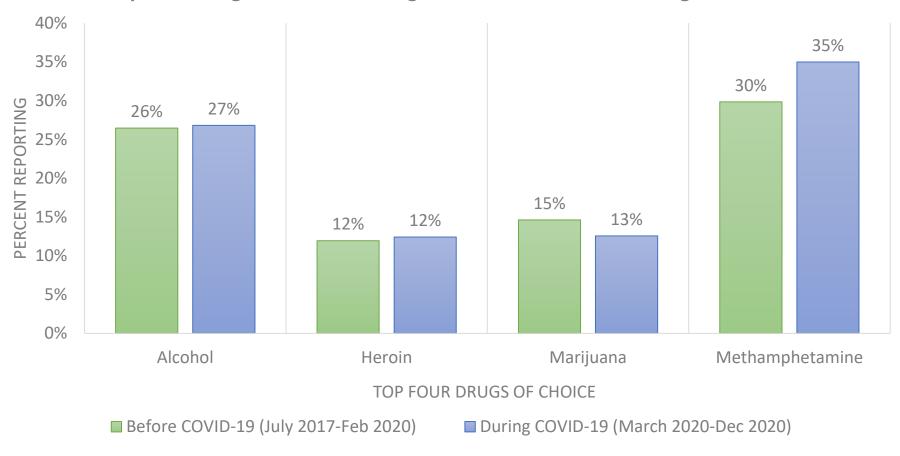
Percent Change in Racial-Ethnic Composition During COVID-19





Increase Self-Reports of Meth as Drug of Choice

Top Four Drugs of Choice Among Admissions Before & During COVID-19

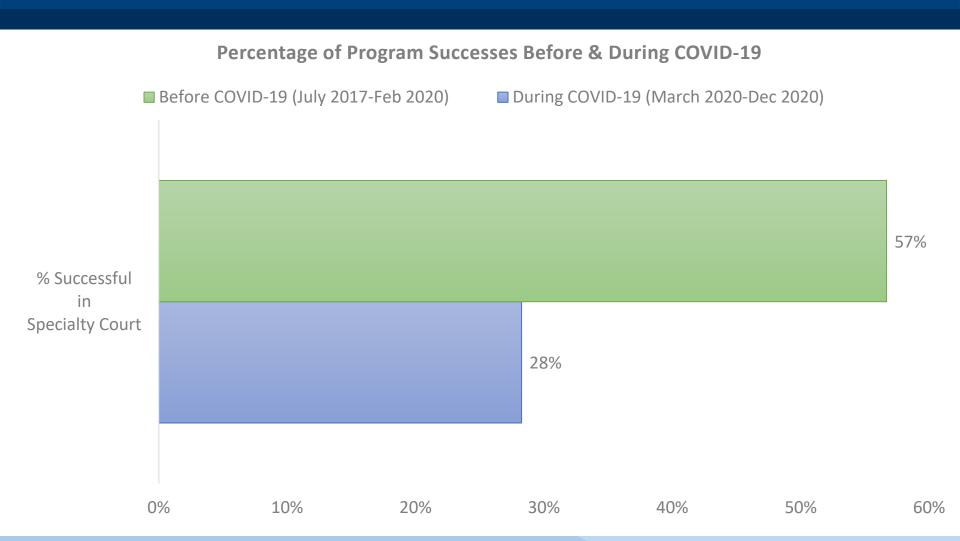




Specialty Court Outcome Trends Before & During COVID-19

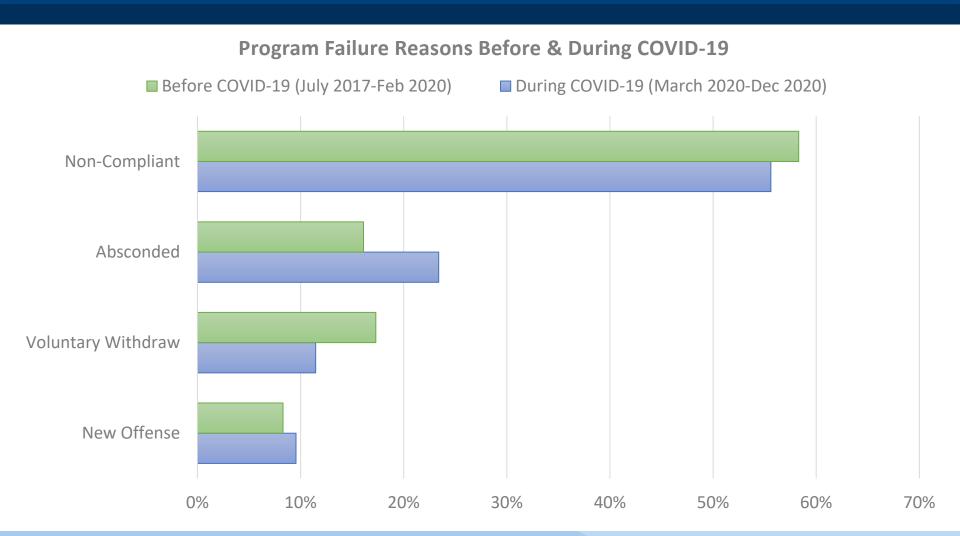


Successful Completion Rate Drops 50%





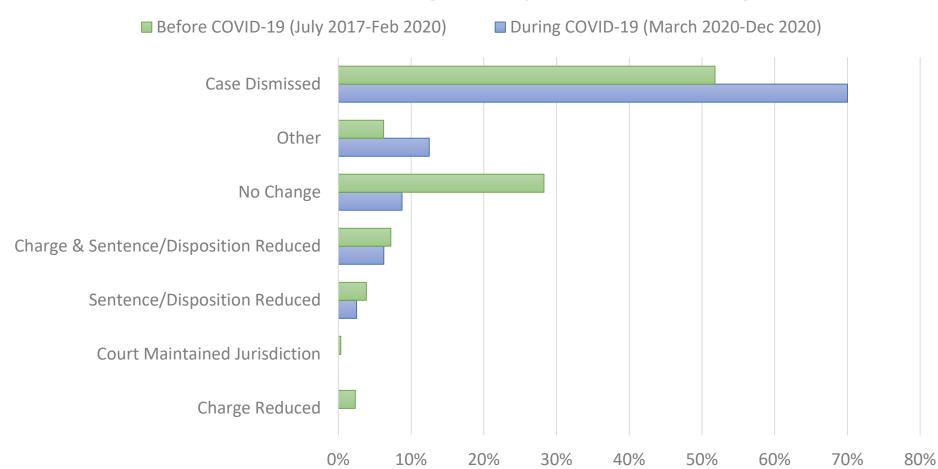
Rise in Failures Due to Absconding





Increased Share of Case Dismissals for Successful Completion During COVID-19

Case Outcomes for Successful Program Completion Before & During COVID-19





Specialty Courts Preliminary Data Findings: Summary



Summary: Specialty Courts Admissions Trends

- Monthly admissions declined (-42%)
 - New criminal offense admissions remained the most common
 - Changes in share of admissions by offense types; more person offenses, fewer drug offenses
- Deferred/delayed sentence admissions declined (-50%)
- Changes in share of admissions by race-ethnicity and reporting unemployment, prior substance abuse treatment, and/or prior mental health history



Summary: Specialty Courts Outcome Trends

- Successful completion rate decreased (-50%)
- Share of failures due to absconding increased (+45%)
- Increased share of case dismissals (+35%) for successful completion

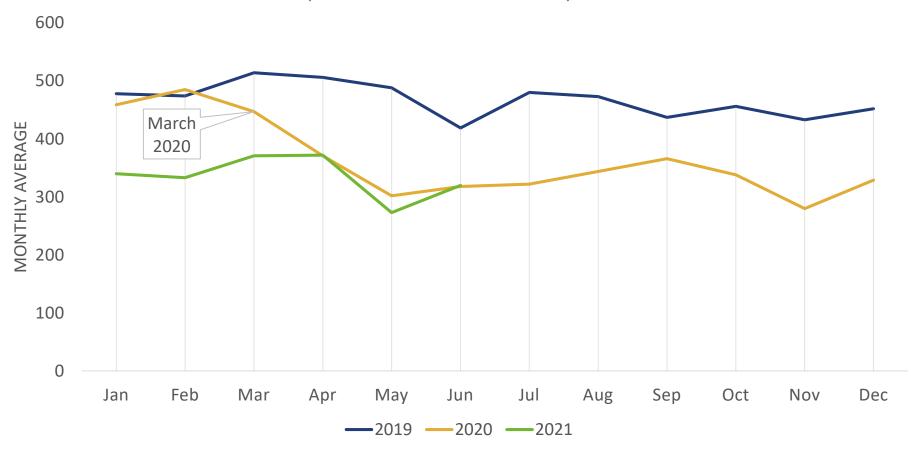


Nevada Department of Corrections (NDOC): Admission Trends Before & During COVID-19



Average Monthly Admissions Drop by 27%

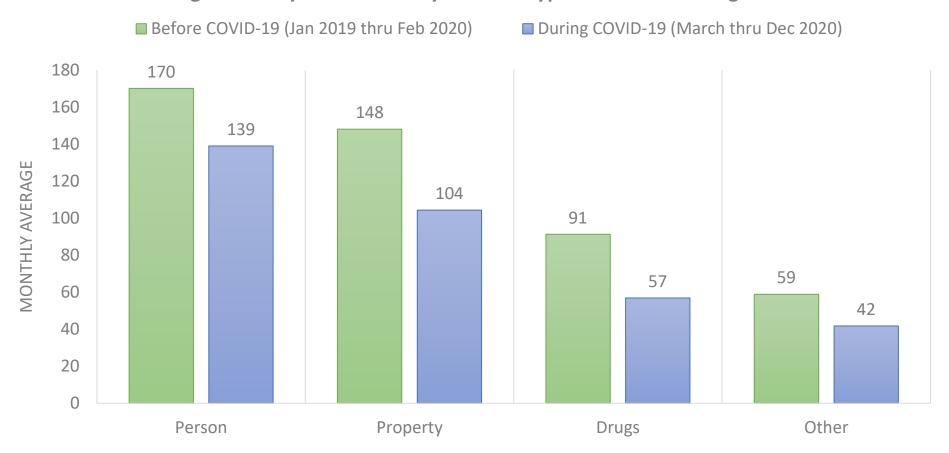
NDOC Monthly Admission Trends: January 2019 - June 2021





Admissions Decline For All Offense Types

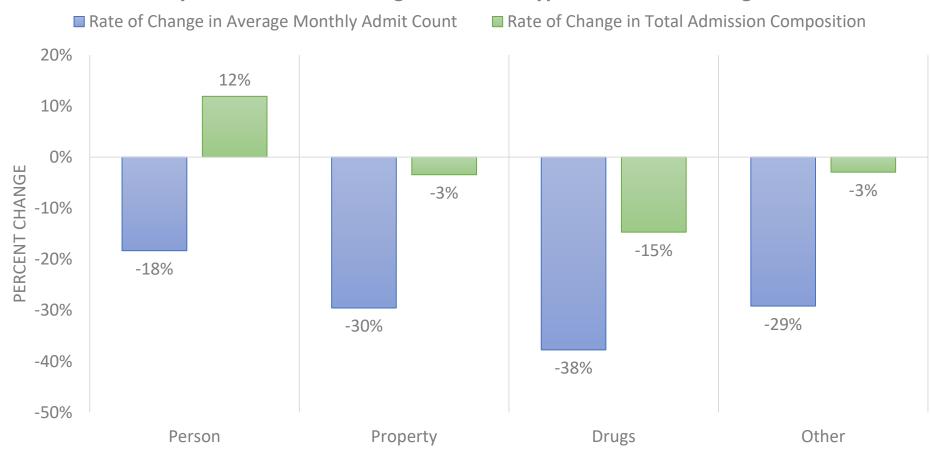
Average Monthly Admissions by Offense Types Before & During COVID-19





Different Rates of Decline Impact Offense Type Share of Admissions

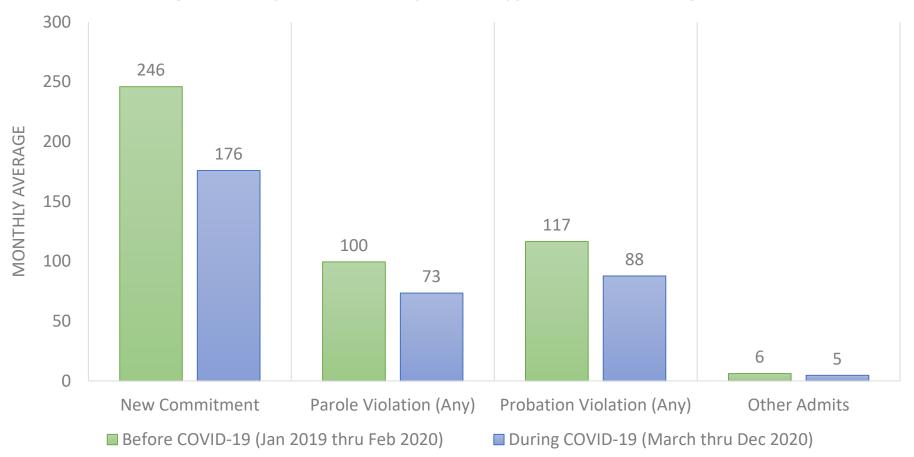
Monthly & Total Percent Change in Offense Type Admissions During COVID-19





Similar Decline Rates Across All Admission Types

Average Monthly Admissions by Admit Type Before & During COVID-19

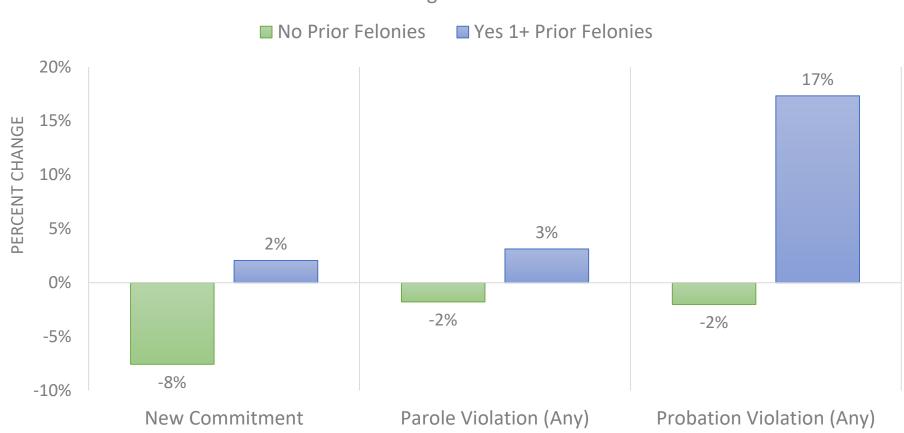




Increase in Share of Individuals Admitted with Criminal Histories

Percent Change in Admission Types by Prior Felony Convictions

During COVID 19

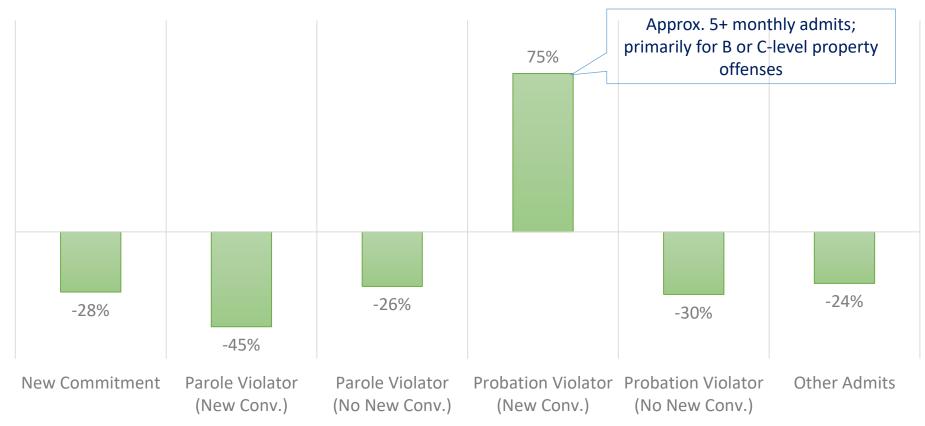




Increased Admissions of Those on Probation with a New Conviction

Percent Change in Average Monthly Admission by Type During COVID-19

■ Rate of Change in Average Monthly Admit Count

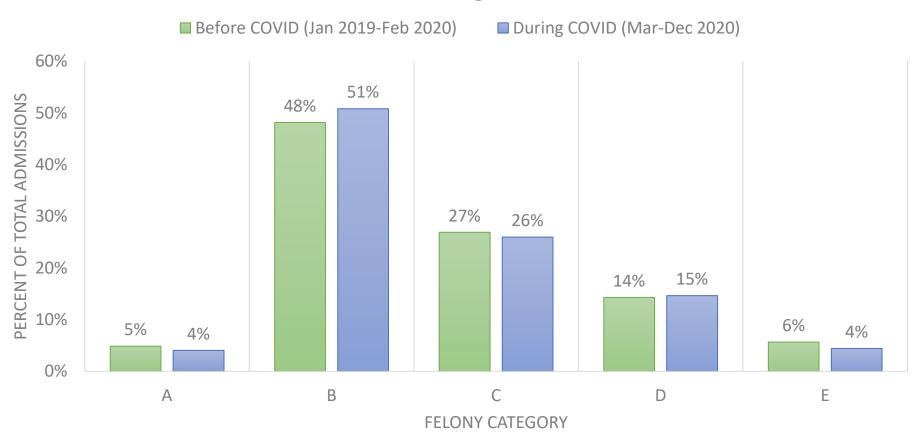




Slight Growth of Categories B and D Felonies

Admission Patterns by Felony Categories

Before & During COVID-19



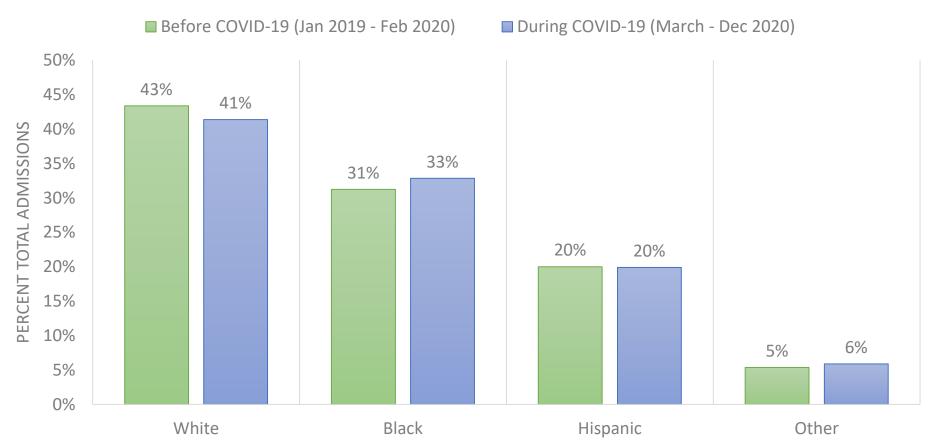


NDOC Admissions: Demographic Trends Before & During COVID-19



Disparate Growth in Admissions Across Racial-Ethnic Categories

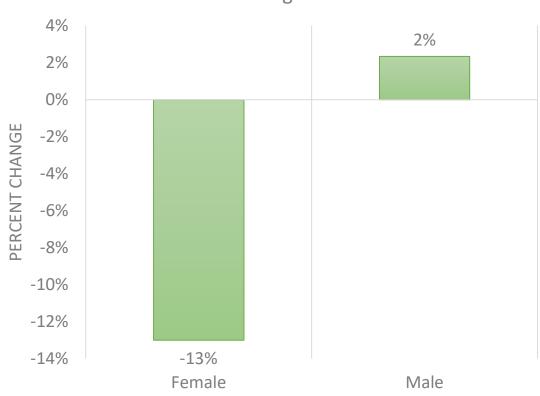
Share of Admissions by Race-Ethnicity Before & During COVID-19





Larger Declines in Female Admissions

Percent Change in Admissions Composition by Gender During COVID-19



Females comprised approximately 13% of total admits during COVID-19, a decrease from just over 15% before COVID.

Total admissions median age was 33 years old.

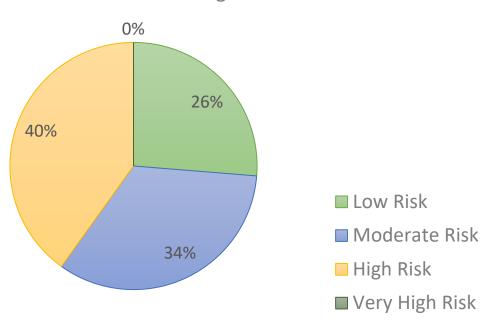


■ Rate of Change in Composition

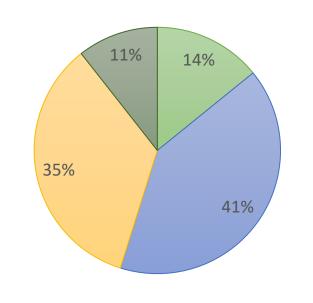
Male Admits Generally Classified as Higher Risk than Female Admits

NRAS Risk Classifications by Gender During COVID-19

Female Admissions During COVID-19

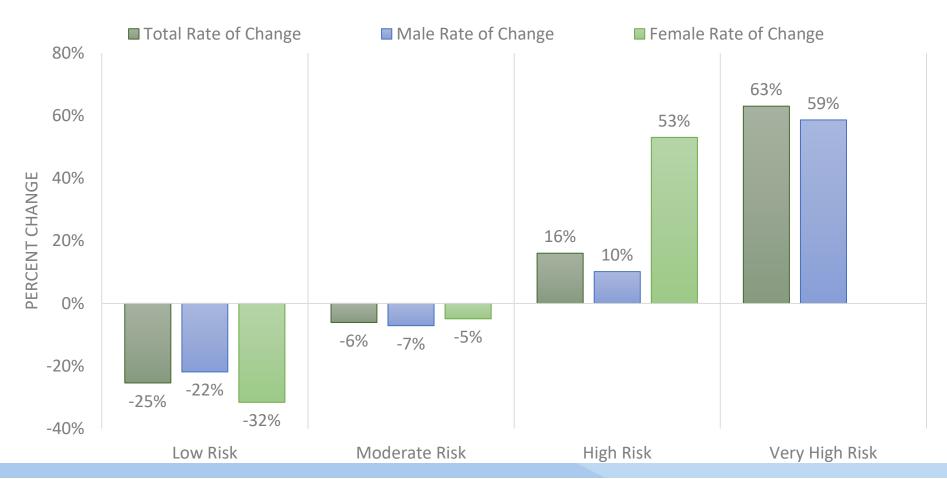


Male Admissions During COVID-19



Increased Share of Higher Risk Admissions During COVID-19

Total Percent Change in NRAS Score Admissions During COVID-19

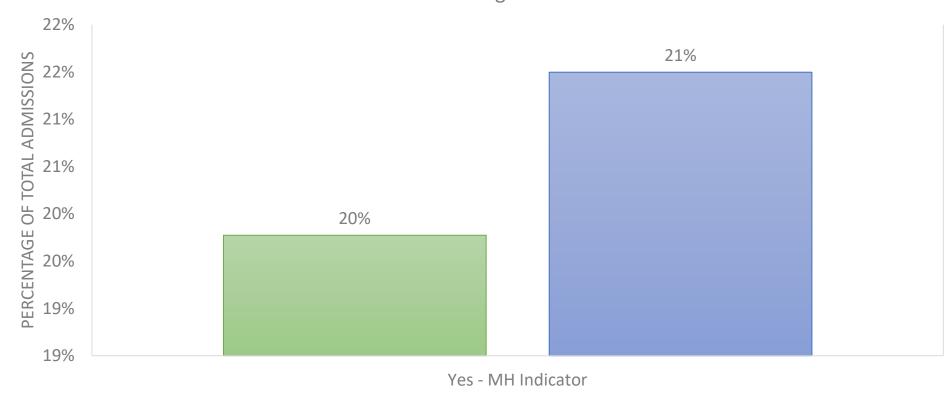




Increased Share of Mental Health Indicators at Admissions

Percent of Mental Health Treatment Indicator in Total Admissions

Before & During COVID-19



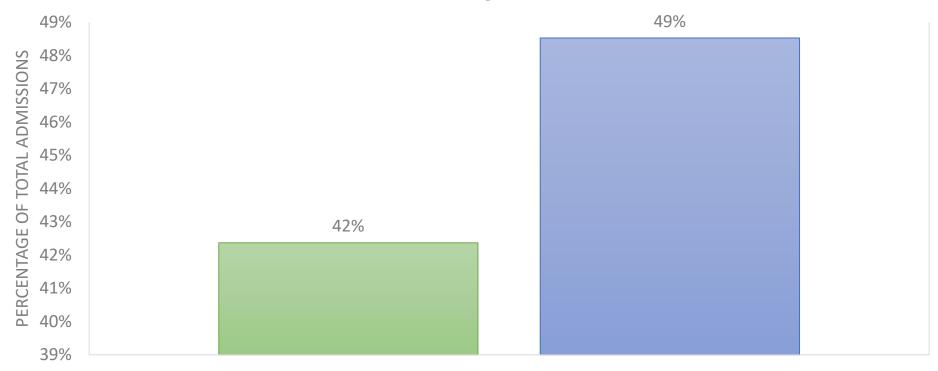
■ Before COVID (Jan 2019-Feb 2020)

■ During COVID (Mar-Dec 2020)



Increased Share of Admissions with Substance Abuse Treatment Needs





Yes - Substance Abuse Treatment Indicator

■ Before COVID (Jan 2019-Feb 2020) ■ During COVID (Mar-Dec 2020)

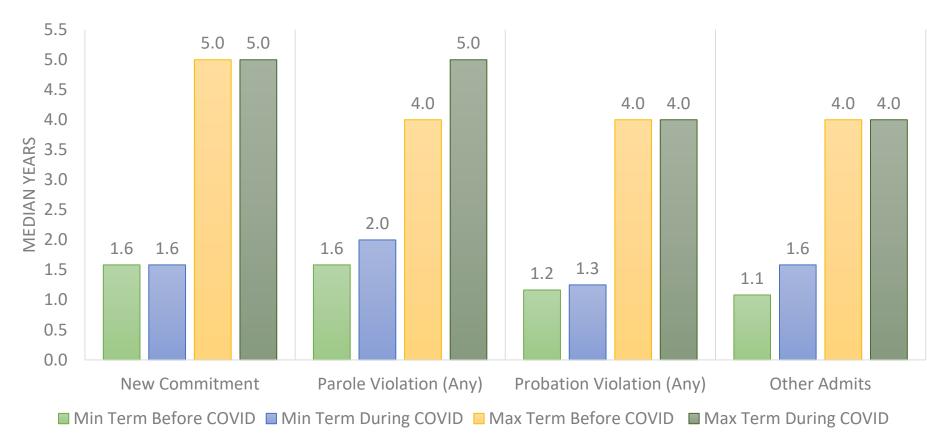


NDOC Admissions: Minimum & Maximum Sentence Length Trends Before & During COVID-19



Sentence Lengths Grow for Parole Violators, Otherwise Consistent

Median Minimum & Maximum Sentence Lengths by Admission Type Before & During COVID-19





NDOC Preliminary Data Findings: Summary



Summary: NDOC Admissions Trends

- Average monthly admissions declined (-27%)
 - Declines occurred across almost all offense types & admission types
 - Slight increase in admissions of:
 - Those on probation with a new conviction
 - Category B or D Felonies
- A larger share of admissions had prior felony convictions
- Slight increase in sentence length for those who violated parole, otherwise sentences were consistent



Summary: NDOC Demographic Trends

- Disparate growth in admissions across racial/ethnic categories
- •Female admissions declined more than male admissions
- Admissions classified at a higher risk levels than prior to COVID-19
- The share of admissions who reported mental health or substance abuse treatment needs increased



Next Steps



Next Steps

- Continued data analysis and system research
 - Other planned analyses include data from the 2nd and 8th Judicial Districts, Clark County Detention (CCDC), Nevada RCCD, Nevada Parole & Probation, and NDOC release trends
- Report summarizing both the qualitative and quantitative findings to be published in fall/winter





CJI Contacts

Quentin Weld, Esq. <u>qweld@cjinstitute.org</u> (617) 485-4956 Molly Buchanan, Ph.D. mbuchanan@cjinstitute.org

Joanna Abaroa-Ellison jabaroa-ellison@cjinstitute.org

Vibha Honasoge vhonasoge@cjinstitute.org



Disclaimer

This project was supported by Grant No. 2019-ZB-BX-K003 awarded by the Bureau of Justice Assistance. The Bureau of Justice Assistance is a component of the Department of Justice's Office of Justice Programs, which also includes the Bureau of Justice Statistics, the National Institute of Justice, the Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention, the Office for Victims of Crime, and the SMART Office. Points of view or opinions in this presentation are those of the author and do not necessarily represent the official position or policies of the U.S. Department of Justice.

